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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 09/992,387 | 11/16/2001 | Anthony L. Coyle | 50000.2162 | 7595 |
| 7590 03/14/2005 | | | EXAMINER | |
| GARY C. HONEYCUTT TEXAS INSTRUMENTS INCORPORATED | | | LEWIS, MONICA | |
| P.O. BOX 655474, MS 3999 DALLAS, TX 75265 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 2822 | |

DATE MAILED: 03/14/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | |
|--|---|--------------|--|--|--|
| Office Action Commence | 09/992,387 | COYLE ET AL. | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | |
| | Monica Lewis | 2822 | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply | | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | | | | | |
| Status | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 December 2004. | | | | | |
| 2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ This | | | | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowan | 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is | | | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | |
| 4) Claim(s) <u>25-27</u> is/are pending in the application. | | | | | |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. | | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>25-27</u> is/are rejected. | | | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | · | | | |
| 8)☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | election requirement. | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | |
| 9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | |
| 10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>13 November 2002</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | | | |
| 11) \square The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. | | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: | | | | | |
| 1.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. | | | | | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No | | | | | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage | | | | | |
| application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | | | | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | |
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| • | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) | | | | | |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. 02/05. | | | | | |
| 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) | | | | | |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) | | | | | |

DETAILED ACTION

1. This office action is in response to the amendment filed December 20, 2004.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 25-27 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

4. Claim 25 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains the following subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention: a) "contact pads smaller than 50um across."

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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6. Claims 25-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Miles et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,535,101) in view of DeFelice et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,190,940) and Boitel et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,131,584).

In regards to claim 25, Miles et al. ("Miles") discloses the following:

- a) an integrated circuit chip (10) having a plurality of contact pads (14) (For Example: See Figure 2);
- b) a thin-film interposer (16) having a single-layered insulating film (For Example: See Figure 2);
- c) substantially flat, electrically conductive lines (20) disposed on only one side of the insulating film (For Example: See Figure 2);
- d) electrically conductive paths (22) extending through the interposer, contacting the conductive lines and forming exit ports on a second side of the insulating film (For Example: See Figure 2); and
- e) electrical coupling members (26) disposed between the contact pads and conductive lines, connecting the chip to the interposer (For Example: See Figure 2).

In regards to claim 25, Miles fails to disclose the following:

a) contact pads spaced apart less than 100 um center to center.

However, DeFelice et al. ("DeFelice") discloses contact pads with a pitch of less than 100 um (For Example: See Column 4 Lines 40-48). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the semiconductor of Miles to include contact pads with a pitch of less than 100 um as disclosed in DeFelice because it aids in fine pitch bonding sites (For Example: See Column 1 Lines 5-9 and Column 3 Lines 5-11).

Additionally, since Miles and DeFelice are both from the same field of endeavor, the purpose disclosed by DeFelice would have been recognized in the pertinent art of Miles.

b) contact pads dimensional smaller than 50 um across.

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However, Boitel et al. ("Boitel") discloses contact pads with that have a diameter of about 25 um (For Example: See Column 6 Lines 63 and 64). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the semiconductor of Miles to include contact pads with a dimensional smaller than 50 um across as disclosed in Boitel because it aids in providing a solid contact between components (For Example: See Column 2 Lines 51-61).

Additionally, since Miles and Boitel are both from the same field of endeavor, the purpose disclosed by Boitel would have been recognized in the pertinent art of Miles.

The applicant has not established the critical nature of the dimension of "contact pads dimensional smaller than 50 um across and spaced apart less than 100 um center to center." "The law is replete with cases in which the difference between the claimed invention and the prior art is some range or other variable within the claims. . . . In such a situation, the applicant must show that the particular range is critical, generally by showing that the claimed range achieves unexpected results relative to the prior art range." *In re Woodruff*, 919 F.2d 1575, 16 USPQ2d 1934 (Fed. Cir.1990).

Finally, the following limitation makes it a product by process claim: a) "thermocompressed." The MPEP § 2113, states, "Even though product -by[-] process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based upon the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product is made by a different process." *In re Thorpe*, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985)(citations omitted).

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A "product by process" claim is directed to the product per se, no matter how actually made, In re Hirao and Sato et al., 190 USPQ 15 at 17 (CCPA 1976) (footnote 3). See also In re Brown and Saffer, 173 USPQ 685 (CCPA 1972): In re Luck and Gainer, 177 USPQ 523 (CCPA 1973); In re Fessmann, 180 USPQ 324 (CCPA 1974); and In re Marosi et al., 218 USPQ 289 (CAFC 1983) final product per se which must be determined in a "product by, all of" claim, and not the patentability of the process, and that an old or obvious product, whether claimed in "product by process" claims or not. Note that Applicant has the burden of proof in such cases, as the above caselaw makes clear.

In regards to claim 26, Miles discloses the following:

- a) solder balls (27) attached to the exit ports (For Example: See Figure 2). In regards to claim 27, Miles discloses the following:
- a) encapsulating material (30) the integrated circuit chip (For Example: See Figure 2).

Conclusion

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

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CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this

final action.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Monica Lewis whose telephone number is 571-272-1838.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Amir

Zarabian can be reached on 571-272-1852. The fax phone number for the organization where

this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-308-7722 for regular and after final

communications. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or

proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0956.

ML

March 1, 2005

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